Problem 1: The code fragment below was taken from the course hex string assembly example. (The hex string example was not covered this semester. The full example can be found at https://www.ece.lsu.edu/ee4720/2022/hex-string.s.html.) The fragment below converts the value in

https://www.ece.lsu.edu/ee4720/2022/hex-string.s.html.) The fragment below converts the value in register a0 to an ASCII string, the string is the value in hexadecimal (though initially backward).

LOOP:

SKIP:

```
# Retrieve the least-significant hex digit.
        andi $t0, $a0, Oxf
        srl $a0, $a0, 4
                             # Shift over by one hex digit.
        slti $t1, $t0, 10
                             # Check whether the digit is in range 0-9
        bne $t1, $0, SKIP
                             # Don't forget that delay slot insn always exec.
        addi $t2, $t0, 48
                             # If 0-9, add 48 to make ASCII '0' - '9'.
        addi $t2, $t0, 87
                             # If 10-15, add 87 to make ASCII 'a' - 'z'.
SKIP:
        sb $t2, 0($a1)
                             # Store the digit.
        bne $a0, $0, LOOP
                             # Continue if value not yet zero.
        addi $a1, $a1, 1
                             # Move string pointer one character to the left.
```

- (a) Show the encoding of the MIPS bne a0, 0, LOOP instruction. Note: This is not the same as the instruction used in last year's Homework 2. Include all parts, including—especially—the immediate. For a quick review of MIPS, including the register numbers corresponding to the register names, visit https://www.ece.lsu.edu/ee4720/2023/lmips.s.html.
- (b) RISC-V RV32I has a bne instruction too, though it is not exactly the same. Show the encoding of the RV32I version of the bne a0, 0, LOOP instruction. For this subproblem assume that the bne will jump backward eight instructions, just as it does in the code sample above.

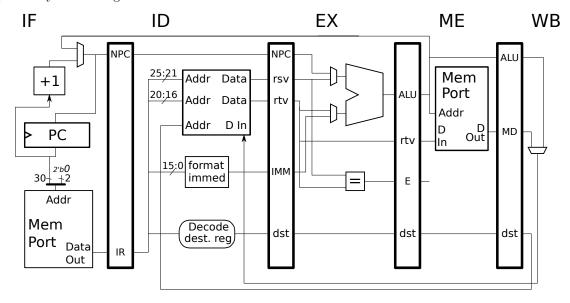
To familiarize yourself with RISC-V start by reading Chapter 1 of Volume I of the RISC-V specification, especially the Chapter 1 Introduction and Sections 1.1 and 1.3. Skip Section 1.2 unless you are comfortable with operating system and virtualization concepts. Other parts of Chapter 1 are interesting but less relevant for this problem. Also look at Section 2.5 (Control Transfer Instructions). The spec can be found in the class references page at https://www.ece.lsu.edu/ee4720/reference.html.

(c) Consider the four-instruction sequence from the code above:

```
slti $t1, $t0, 10  # Check whether the digit is in range 0-9
bne $t1, $0, SKIP  # Don't forget that delay slot insn always exec.
addi $t2, $t0, 48  # If 0-9, add 48 to make ASCII '0' - '9'.
addi $t2, $t0, 87  # If 10-15, add 87 to make ASCII 'a' - 'z'.
```

Re-write this sequence in RISC-V RV32I, and take advantage of RISC-V branch behavior to reduce this to three instructions (plus possibly one more instruction before the loop). For this problem one needs to focus on RISC-V branch behavior. Assume that the RISC-V slti and addi instructions are identical to their MIPS counterparts at the assembly language level. It is okay to retain the MIPS register names. *Hint: One change needs to be made for correctness, another for efficiency.*

Problem 2: Note: The following problem was assigned in each of the last six years, and its solution is available. DO NOT look at the solution unless you are lost and can't get help elsewhere. Even in that case just glimpse. Appearing below are **incorrect** executions on the illustrated implementation. For each one explain why it is wrong and show the correct execution.



(a) Explain error and show correct execution.

```
# Cycle 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

lw r2, 0(r4) IF ID EX ME WB

add r1, r2, r7 IF ID EX ME WB
```

(b) Explain error and show correct execution.

```
# Cycle 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 add r1, r2, r3 IF ID EX ME WB lw r1, O(r4) IF ID -> EX ME WB
```

(c) Explain error and show correct execution.

```
# Cycle 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
add r1, r2, r3 IF ID EX ME WB
sw r1, 0(r4) IF ID -> EX ME WB
```

(d) Explain error and show correct execution.

```
# Cycle 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
add r1, r2, r3 IF ID EX ME WB
xor r4, r1, r5 IF ----> ID EX ME WB
```