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#include <cstdlib>
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <vector>
#include <fstream>

//some methods you need to modify:
void renderScene(void);
void mouseMove(int x, int y);
void readMesh(const char filename[100]);

void computeMassCenter(float massCenter[3]);
void computeNormal(int faceID, float norm[3]);

//some methods you want to look at:
void reshapeScene(GLsizei width, GLsizei height);
void initGL();
void mouseClick(int button, int state, int x, int y);
void keyBoard(unsigned char key, int x, int y);

float ObjTranslation[3]={0,0,0};
float EyeTranslation[3]={0,0,-5}; //default eye position

int win_width, win_height;
int gButton;
float whratio;
int mouseX, mouseY;

// Design whatever data structure you like as the point list
std::vector<float> ptlist[3];
std::vector<int> facelist[3];

GLfloat rot_x = 0.f, rot_y = 0.f;

////////////////////
void usage(void)
{
    printf("This program is the first homework from XXX \r\n");
    printf("The input is a .m triangle mesh. \r\n");
    printf(" f - flat shading\r\n");
    printf(" s - smooth shading\r\n");
    printf(" w - wireframe\r\n");
    printf(" key ESC - exit\r\n");
}

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    //1. The first thing you must do is call the function glutInit. It initializes GLUT library.
    glutInit(&argc, argv);

    //2. Define the display mode using the function glutInitDisplayMode(unsigned int mode)
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_RGB | GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_DEPTH);

    //3. Define the window
    //3.1. Establish the window's position, i.e. its top left corner.
    glutInitWindowPosition(100,100);

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//3.2. Choose the window size, using the function glutInitWindowSize(int width, int height).
int width = 640;
int height = 480;
whratio = (float)width / (float)height;
glutInitWindowSize(width, height);

//3.3 After these settings, we can create the window with a title
glutCreateWindow("XXX's Homework 1");

//4. Assign a function responsible for the rendering (register a callback)
glutDisplayFunc(renderScene);

//5. Assign a reshape function for the "resize" event received by the window.
glutReshapeFunc(reshapeScene);

//6. Assign functions for mouse and keyboard events respectively
glutMouseFunc(mouseClick);
glutMotionFunc(mouseMove);
glutKeyboardFunc(keyBoard);

//7. Some GL initialization
initGL();

//8. Load the Mesh,
//read the mesh , and store them into the vertex and face lists, argv[1] is the filename

readMesh("torus.m");

//9. Finally, get in the application event processing loop
glutMainLoop();
return 1;
}

/* Called when a "resize" event is received by the window. */
void reshapeScene(int width, int height)
{
    win_width=width;
    win_height=height;

    GLsizei mwidth = (width<height*whratio)?width:(height*whratio);

    glViewport(0,0,mwidth, (float)mwidth/whratio);

    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();

    gluPerspective( 40.0, /* field of view in degrees */
        whratio, /* aspect ratio */
        1.0, /* Z near */
        100.0 /* Z far */);

    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);

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        glutPostRedisplay();
    }

void initGL(){

    GLfloat lightOneColor[] = { 1, 1, 1, 1 };
    GLfloat globalAmb[] = { .1, .1, .1, 1 };
    GLfloat lightOnePosition[] = { 1, 1, 1, 0.0 };

    glEnable(GL_CULL_FACE);
    glFrontFace(GL_CCW);
    glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
    glClearColor(0,0,0,0);
    glShadeModel(GL_SMOOTH);

    glEnable(GL_LIGHT1);
    glEnable(GL_LIGHTING);
    glEnable(GL_NORMALIZE);
    glEnable(GL_COLOR_MATERIAL);

    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_DIFFUSE, lightOneColor);
    glLightModelfv(GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT, globalAmb);
    glColorMaterial(GL_FRONT, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE);

    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_POSITION, lightOnePosition);
}

void mouseClicked(int button , int state, int x, int y)
{
    if (button == GLUT_LEFT_BUTTON && state == GLUT_DOWN)
    {
        gButton = GLUT_LEFT_BUTTON;
        mouseX = x;
        mouseY = y;
    }

    if (button == GLUT_MIDDLE_BUTTON && state == GLUT_DOWN) {
        gButton = GLUT_MIDDLE_BUTTON;
        mouseX = x;
        mouseY = y;
    }

    if (button == GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON && state == GLUT_DOWN) {
        gButton = GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON;
        mouseX = x;
        mouseY = y;
    }
    return ;
}

void mouseMove(int x, int y)
{
    /* rotation*/
    if (gButton == GLUT_LEFT_BUTTON )
    {
        //////////added//////////
    }
}

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        rot_y += (x - mouseX);
        rot_x += (y - mouseY);
        //////////////////////////////////
        glutPostRedisplay();
    }

    /*xy translation */
    if (gButton == GLUT_MIDDLE_BUTTON)
    {
        //////////////////////////////////added////////////////////////////////
        GLfloat scale_y = 10.f / win_height;
        GLfloat scale_x = 10.f / win_width;
        ObjTranslation[0] += scale_x * (x - mouseX );
        ObjTranslation[1] += scale_y * (mouseY - y);
        glutPostRedisplay();
    }

    /* zoom in and out */
    if (gButton == GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON )
    {
        double scale = 10./win_height;
        ObjTranslation[2] -= scale*(mouseY-y);
        glutPostRedisplay();
    }

    mouseX = x;
    mouseY = y;
}

void keyBoard(unsigned char key, int x, int y)
{
    switch( key )
    {
        case 'f':
            //Flat Shading
            glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT, GL_FILL);
            break;
        case 's':
            //Smooth Shading
            glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT, GL_FILL);
            break;
        case 'w':
            //Wireframe mode
            glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT, GL_LINE);
            break;
        case '?':
            //usage
            usage();
            break;
        case 27:
            exit(0);
            break;
    }
    glutPostRedisplay();
}

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/* setup the object, transform from the world to the object coordinate system */
void setupObject(void)
{
    glTranslatef(ObjTranslation[0],ObjTranslation[1],ObjTranslation[2]);
    //you can also do them via a Matrix
    //double transMatrix[16];
    //glMultMatrixd(( GLdouble *) transMatrix );
    glRotatef(rot_x, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
    glRotatef(rot_y, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
}

//Setup the eye position
void setupEye(void)
{
    //you may want to adjust your eye according to the object
    float transMatrix[16]={ 1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0, EyeTranslation[0], EyeTranslation[1], EyeTranslation[2],1 };
    glMultMatrixf(( GLfloat *) transMatrix );
    //the above is the same as: //glTranslatef( EyeTranslation[0], EyeTranslation[1], EyeTranslation[2]);
}

void renderScene(void)
{
    /* clear frame buffer */
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
    glLoadIdentity();

    setupEye();
    setupObject();

    //Render the mesh (you may need to change them, according to your mesh data structure)
    glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
    for (int i=0;i<facelist->size();++i)
    {
        int vertID[3];
        float norm[3];
        computeNormal(i,norm);
        glNormal3f(norm[0], norm[1], norm[2]);
        for (int j=0;j<3;++j)
        {
            vertID[j] = facelist[j][i];
            float x = plist[0][vertID[j]];
            float y = plist[1][vertID[j]];
            float z = plist[2][vertID[j]];
            glVertex3f(x,y,z);
        }
    }
    glEnd();

    glutSwapBuffers();
}

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void readMesh(const char filename[100]){
    FILE * fp = fopen( filename, "r" );
    if( !fp ){
        printf("Can't open file %s\n", filename );
        return;
    }

    char line[1024];
    int id;
    while( !feof(fp) ){
        fgets( line, 1024, fp );
        if( !strlen( line ) ) continue;
        char * str = strtok( line, "\r\n" );
        if( !str ) continue;
        if( !strcmp(str, "Vertex" ) ) {
            str = strtok(NULL, "\r\n{");
            id = atoi( str );
            for( int i = 0 ; i < 3; i ++ ){
                str = strtok(NULL, "\r\n{");
                ptlist[i].push_back( atof( str ) );
            }

            str = strtok( NULL, "\r\n" );
            if( !str ) continue;
            std::string s(str);
            int sp = s.find("{");
            int ep = s.find("}"); //if we want to store attributes, use the index sp and ep
            continue;
        }

        if( !strcmp(str, "Face" ) ) {
            str = strtok(NULL, "\r\n");
            if( !str ) continue;
            id = atoi( str );
            int vid[3];
            for( int i = 0; i < 3; i ++ ) {
                str = strtok(NULL, "\r\n{");
                vid[i] = atoi(str);
                facelist[i].push_back(vid[i]-1);
            }
            if( !str ) continue;
            str = strtok( NULL, "\r\n" );
            if( !str || strlen( str ) == 0 ) continue;
            std::string s(str);
            int sp = s.find("{");
            int ep = s.find("}"); //for attributes
            continue;
        }
    }
    fclose(fp);

    //Step 4
    float mass[3];
    computeMassCenter(mass);
}

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void computeMassCenter(float massCenter[3]){
    massCenter[0] = massCenter[1]=massCenter[2] =0;
    for (int i=0;i<ptlist[0].size();++i){
        massCenter[0]+=ptlist[0][i];
        massCenter[1]+=ptlist[1][i];
        massCenter[2]+=ptlist[2][i];
    }
    massCenter[0]/=ptlist[0].size();
    massCenter[1]/=ptlist[1].size();
    massCenter[2]/=ptlist[2].size();
    for (int i=0;i<ptlist[0].size();++i) {
        ptlist[0][i]-=massCenter[0];
        ptlist[1][i]-=massCenter[1];
        ptlist[2][i]-=massCenter[2];
    }
}

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void computeNormal(int faceID, float norm[3]){
    int vid[3];
    vid[1] = facelist[1][faceID];
    vid[2] = facelist[2][faceID];
    float x[3],y[3],z[3];
    for (int i=0;i<3;++i){
        vid[i] = facelist[i][faceID];
        x[i]=ptlist[0][vid[i]];
        y[i]=ptlist[1][vid[i]];
        z[i]=ptlist[2][vid[i]];
    }
    float p1[3], p2[3];
    p1[0]=x[1]-x[0];p1[1]=y[1]-y[0];p1[2]=z[1]-z[0];
    p2[0]=x[2]-x[1];p2[1]=y[2]-y[1];p2[2]=z[2]-z[1];
    norm[0]= p1[1]*p2[2]-p1[2]*p2[1];
    norm[1]= p1[2]*p2[0]-p1[0]*p2[2];
    norm[2]= p1[0]*p2[1]-p1[1]*p2[0];
}

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