

At the time this was assigned computer accounts and solution templates were not available. If they become available they can be used for the solution, either way a paper submission is acceptable.

Problem 1: The value computed by the program below approaches π . Re-write the program in MIPS assembler. The code should execute quickly. Assume that all integer instructions take one cycle, floating-point divides take ten cycles, floating-point compares take one cycle, and all other floating-point instructions, including conversion, take four cycles. *Note: As originally assigned only the time for divides and adds was given.* Make changes to the code to improve speed (possibly using an integer for *i* or even using both an integer and double). Do not use a different technique for computing π .

```
int
main(int argv, char **argc)
{
    double i;
    double sum = 0;

    for(i=1; i<50000000;)
    {
        sum = sum + 4.0 / i;    i += 2;
        sum = sum - 4.0 / i;    i += 2;
    }

    printf("After %d iterations sum = %.8f\n", (int)(i-1)/2, sum);

    return 0;
}
```

Problem 2: The program below is used to generate a password based on the outcome of several rolls of a twenty-sided die. The program was compiled using the Sun Workshop Compiler 5.0 targeting SPARC V7 (`-xarch=v7`) and SPARC V9 (`-xarch=v8plus`, code which can run on a V9 processor with a 32-bit OS), the output of the compiler is shown for the `for` loop.

Use the V8 architecture manual to look up V7 instructions, available at <https://www.ece.lsu.edu/ee4720/samv8.pdf>; the V9 architecture manual is available at <https://www.ece.lsu.edu/ee4720/samv9.pdf>.

Here are a few useful facts about SPARC:

Register names for SPARC are: `%g0-%g7` (global), `%l0-%l7` (local), `%i0-%i7` (input), `%o0-%o7` (output), and `%f0-%f31` (floating point). Registers `%fp` (frame pointer) and `%sp` are aliases for `%i6` and `%o6`, respectively. Register `%g0` is a zero register.

Local variables (the only kind used in the code fragment shown) are stored in memory at some offset from the stack pointer (in `%sp`). For example, `ldd [%sp+96], %f0` loads a local variable into register `%f0`.

All V7 and V8 integer registers are 32 bits. V9 registers are 64 bits but with the `v8plus` option only the 32 lower bits are used.

Unlike MIPS and DLX, the last register in an assembly language instruction is the destination. For example, `add %g1, %g2, %g3`, puts the sum of `g1` and `g2` in register `g3`.

Like MIPS, SPARC branches are delayed. Unlike MIPS, some delayed branches are annulled, indicated with a "a" in the mnemonic. In an annulled branch the instruction in the delay slot is executed if and *only if* the branch is taken.

- (a) For each compilation, identify which registers are used for which program variables.
- (b) For each instruction used in the V9 version of the code but not in the V7 version, explain what it does and how it improves execution over the V7 version.

```

int
main(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char **argv;
{
    int die_rolls[] = {15, 17, 6, 10, 19, 19, 15, 17, 16, 5, 0 };
    int *rolls_ptr = &die_rolls[0];
    char pw[8];
    char *pw_ptr = &pw[0];

    int faces_per_die      = 20; /* Available at Little Wars in Village Square */
    double bits_per_roll   = log(faces_per_die)/log(2.0);
    double bits_per_letter = log(26.0) / log(2.0);

    double bits    = 0.0;
    uint64_t seed = 0; /* A 64-bit integer. */
    int roll;

    while( ( roll = *rolls_ptr++ ) )
    {
        seed = faces_per_die * seed + (roll-1);
        bits += bits_per_roll;
    }

    for( ; bits >= bits_per_letter; bits -= bits_per_letter )
    {
        *pw_ptr++ = 'a' + seed % 26;
        seed = seed / 26;
    }
    *pw_ptr = 0;

    printf("The password is %s\n",pw);
    return 0;
}

!   Compiled with -xarch=v7
!
!   32                !   for( ; bits >= bits_per_letter; bits -= bits_per_letter )

/* 0x010c            32 */          ldd      [%sp+96],%f0
                                .L9000000118:
/* 0x0110            32 */          fcmped  %f30,%f0
/* 0x0114            */          nop
/* 0x0118            */          fbul     .L770000009
/* 0x011c            */          or      %g0,0,%o2
                                .L9000000116:

!   33                !   {

```

```

!   34           !   *pw_ptr++ = 'a' + seed % 26;

/* 0x0120      34 */      or      %g0,%i2,%o1
/* 0x0124      */      or      %g0,%i1,%o0
/* 0x0128      */      or      %g0,26,%o3
/* 0x012c      */      call     __urem64      ! params = %o0 %o1 %o2 %o3      ! Re-
sult = %o0
/* 0x0130      */      std      %f30,[%sp+104]
/* 0x0134      */      add      %o1,97,%g2
/* 0x0138      */      stb      %g2,[%i0]

!   35           !   seed = seed / 26;

/* 0x013c      35 */      or      %g0,%i1,%o0
/* 0x0140      */      or      %g0,0,%o2
/* 0x0144      */      or      %g0,26,%o3
/* 0x0148      */      call     __udiv64      ! params = %o0 %o1 %o2 %o3      ! Re-
sult = %o0
/* 0x014c      */      or      %g0,%i2,%o1
/* 0x0150      */      ldd      [%sp+96],%f0
/* 0x0154      34 */      add      %i0,1,%i0
/* 0x0158      35 */      or      %g0,%o0,%i1
/* 0x015c      */      ldd      [%sp+104],%f30
/* 0x0160      */      fsubd     %f30,%f0,%f30
/* 0x0164      */      fcmped    %f30,%f0
/* 0x0168      */      or      %g0,%o1,%i2
/* 0x016c      */      fbge      .L900000116
/* 0x0170      */      or      %g0,0,%o2
                                .L77000009:

!   36           !   }
!   Compiled With -xarch=v8plus
!
!   32           !   for( ; bits >= bits_per_letter; bits -= bits_per_letter )

/* 0x00e8      32 */      fcmped    %fcc0,%f8,%f4
                                .L900000117:
/* 0x00ec      32 */      fbul,a,pt      %fcc0,.L900000115
/* 0x00f0      */      stb      %g0,[%i0]

!   33           !   {
!   34           !   *pw_ptr++ = 'a' + seed % 26;

/* 0x00f4      34 */      udivx     %o0,26,%g2
                                .L900000114:
/* 0x00f8      34 */      mulx      %g2,26,%g3
/* 0x00fc      */      sub      %o0,%g3,%g3

!   35           !   seed = seed / 26;

/* 0x0100      35 */      or      %g0,%g2,%o0
/* 0x0104      */      fsubd     %f8,%f4,%f8
/* 0x0108      34 */      add      %g3,97,%g3

```

```

/* 0x010c      */      stb      %g3,[%i0]
/* 0x0110      */      add      %i0,1,%i0
/* 0x0114      35 */      fcmped  %fcc1,%f8,%f4
/* 0x0118      */      fbge,a,pt      %fcc1,.L900000114
/* 0x011c      */      udivx     %o0,26,%g2
                .L77000009:

!   36          !   }

```